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Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 21.07.2015 / 0009

Replaces revision of / Version: 12.02.2015 / 0008

Valid from: 21.07.2015 PDF print date: 21.07.2015 Kebutyl-Voranstrich K III

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Kebutyl-Voranstrich K III

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Priming

Sector of use [SU]:

SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Chemical product category [PC]:

PC 9a - Coastings and paints, thinners, paint removers

Process category [PROC]:

PROC10 - Roller application or brushing Environmental Release Category [ERC]:

ERC 8d - Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems

Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

(GB)

Kebulin-Gesellschaft Kettler GmbH & Co. KG, Ostring 9, 45701 Herten-Westerholt, Germany Phone: ++49(0)209/9615-0, Fax: ++49(0)209/9615-190

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

++49(0)209/9615-0

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class Hazard category Hazard statement

Flam. Liq. 2 H225-Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2 H315-Causes skin irritation.

STOT SE 3 H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411-Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

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Danger

H225-Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H315-Causes skin irritation. H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411-Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P273-Avoid release to the environment.

P312-Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P403+P233-Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

When using: development of explosive vapour/air mixture possible.

Hydrocarbons can be harmful to water.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substance

n n

n.a.

J.Z WIXTUIC	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	
Registration number (REACH)	
Index	649-328-00-1
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	265-151-9
CAS	64742-49-0
content %	70-80
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
	STOT SE 3, H336

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1/3.2 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

If, for example, the note P is applied for a hydrocarbon then this has already been taken into account for the classification named here.

Quote: "Note P - The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7)."

Article 4 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) was also observed and taken into account for the classification named here.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

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4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Keep Data Sheet available.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Consult doctor immediately.

Keep Data Sheet available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

The following may occur:

Product removes fat.

Headaches

Dizziness

Irritation of the respiratory tract

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

n.c.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

CO₂

Dry extinguisher

Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Toxic pyrolysis products.

Explosive vapour/air mixture

Dangerous vapours heavier than air.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary

Cool container at risk with water.

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.

Ensure sufficient supply of air.

Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping

6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.

Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.

Prevent from entering drainage system.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.



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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent) and dispose of according to Section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.

Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.

Take precautions against electrostatic charges.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.

Observe special storage conditions (in Germany, e.g., in accordance with the regulations in the "Betriebssicherheitsverordnung").

Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.

Store product closed and only in original packing.

Solvent resistant floor

Suitable container:

Sheet metal

Protect from direct sunlight and warming.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40): 1200 mg/m3

Chemical Name	Naphtha (petrol	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light						
WEL-TWA: 1200 mg/m3 (>= C	7 normal and	WEL-STEL:						
branched chain alkanes)								
Monitoring procedures:	-	Draeger - Hydro						
	-	Draeger - Hydro	carbons 0,1%/c	(81 03 571)				
	-	Compur - KITA-	187 S (551 174)					
BMGV:				Other information:				
® Chemical Name	Carbon black					Content %:		
WEL-TWA: 3,5 mg/m3		WEL-STEL:	7 mg/m3					
Monitoring procedures:								
BMGV:				Other information:				

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.

** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

8.2 Exposure controls

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8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn. Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Protective hand cream recommended.

With long-term contact:

Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)

Minimum layer thickness in mm:

0,4

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

> 480

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Suitable are, e.g., safety gloves from KCL GmbH Co., D-36124

Eichenzell, e-mail vertrieb@kcl.de, following specifications:

Product name/part number:

Camatril / 730

With short-term contact:

Safety gloves made of natural rubber latex (EN 374).

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

> 10

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Suitable are, e.g., safety gloves from KCL GmbH Co., D-36124

Eichenzell, e-mail vertrieb@kcl.de, following specifications:

Product name/part number:

Lapren / 706

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 374 Part 3 were not obtained under practical conditions.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments)

Respiratory protection:

If OES or MEL is exceeded.

Filter A P 3 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:

If applicable, these are included in the individual protective measures (eye/face protection, skin protection, respiratory protection).

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents. Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account. Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid
Colour: Black
Odour: Mild

Odour threshold:

pH-value:

Not determined

Flash point: -12 °C

Evaporation rate: Not determined Flammability (solid, gas): Not determined

Lower explosive limit:

1 Vol-% (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light)
Upper explosive limit:

8 Vol-% (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light)

Vapour pressure:Not determinedVapour density (air = 1):Not determinedDensity:0,79 g/mlBulk density:Not determinedSolubility(ies):Not determinedWater solubility:InsolublePartition coefficient (n-octanol/water):Not determined

Auto-ignition temperature: >250 °C (Ignition temperature)

Decomposition temperature:

Viscosity:

Viscosity:

Viscosity:

Viscosity:

Explosive properties:

Not determined

~200 mPas (20°C)

>20,5 mm2/s (40°C)

Not determined

Oxidising properties: No

9.2 Other information

Miscibility:

Fat solubility / solvent:

Conductivity:

Not determined

Not determined

Not determined

Not determined

Surface tension:

Not determined

Not determined

Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

See also Subsection 10.2 to 10.6. The product has not been tested.

10.2 Chemical stability

See also Subsection 10.1 to 10.6.

Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

See also Subsection 10.1 to 10.6.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

See also section 7.

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

Electrostatic charge

10.5 Incompatible materials

See also section 7.

Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

See also Subsection 10.1 to 10.5.

See also section 5.2

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	Endpoi	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
	nt					
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal						n.d.a.
route:						
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye						n.d.a.
damage/irritation:						
Respiratory or skin						n.d.a.
sensitisation:						
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity -						n.d.a.
single exposure (STOT-SE):						
Specific target organ toxicity -						n.d.a.
repeated exposure (STOT-						
RE):						
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other information:						Classification according
						to calculation
						procedure.

Naphtha (petroleum), hyd	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light					
Toxicity / effect	Endpoi	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
	nt					
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitizising
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						drowsiness, unconsciousness, heart/circulatory disorders, headaches, cramps, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

Carbon black						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoi nt	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:				Mouse		Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT- RE):	NOEL	0,0011	mg/l			90ď

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Kebutyl-Voranstrich K	III						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes

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Toxicity to fish:		n.d.a.
Toxicity to daphnia:		n.d.a.
Toxicity to algae:		n.d.a.
Persistence and		Mechanical
degradability:		precipitation possible.
Bioaccumulative		n.d.a.
potential:		
Mobility in soil:		n.d.a.
Results of PBT and		n.d.a.
vPvB assessment		
Other adverse effects:		n.d.a.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	51	mg/l	Oncorhynchus		
					mykiss		
Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	3	mg/l			
Toxicity to algae:	EC50		1-10	mg/l			
Persistence and		28d	70	%			
degradability:							
Bioaccumulative	Log Pow		3,4-				
potential:			5,2				

Carbon black	Carbon black						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203	
						(Fish, Acute	
						Toxicity Test)	
Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>5600	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202	
						(Daphnia sp.	
						Acute	
						Immobilisation	
						Test)	
Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NO	72h	10000	mg/l	Scenedesmus	OECD 201	
	EL				subspicatus	(Alga, Growth	
						Inhibition Test)	
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC0	3h	>=800	mg/l	activated sludge	Regulation	
						(EC) 440/2008	
						C.22 (SOIL	
						MICROORGAN	
						ISMS -	
						CARBON	
						TRANSFORMA	
						TION TEST)	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Implement substance recycling.

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Empty container completely.

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Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

15 01 04 metallic packaging

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

UN number: 1263

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

UN proper shipping name: UN 1263 PAINT

Transport hazard class(es):

Packing group:

Classification code:

LQ (ADR 2015):

5 L

Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous

Tunnel restriction code: D/E

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

UN proper shipping name:

PAINT (NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM))

Transport hazard class(es):

Packing group:

II

EmS:

F-E, S

EmS: F-E, S-E Marine Pollutant: Yes

Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous

Transport by air (IATA)

UN proper shipping name:

Paint

Transport hazard class(es):

Packing group:

II

Environmental hazards: Not applicable

Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.

All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.

Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.

Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.

Danger code and packing code on request.

Comply with special provisions.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

For classification and labelling see Section 2.

Observe restrictions:

 $Comply \ with \ trade \ association/occupational \ health \ regulations.$

Observe youth employment law (German regulation).

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XVII

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 63,75 % Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 504 g/l

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections:

1 - 16

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.

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Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	Classification based on test data.
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H336	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid

Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation

STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects

Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

AC Article Categories

acc., acc. to according, according to

ACGIHAmerican Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately Art., Art. no. Article number

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)

BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)

BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)

BOD Biochemical oxygen demand

BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids

CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques

CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

COD Chemical oxygen demand

CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

DOC Dissolved organic carbon

DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration

DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)

dw dry weight

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org. organic

PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic

PC Chemical product category

PΕ Polyethylene

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential

ppm parts per million PROC Process category PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning REACH the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)

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Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

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RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature

SAR Structure Activity Relationship

SU Sector of use

SVHC Substances of Very High Concern

Tel. Telephone

ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand

TOC Total organic carbon

TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)

UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))

VOC Volatile organic compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).

WHO World Health Organization

wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge. No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

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